

The General Assembly of Knights of Labor is in session at Minneapolis.

The President has had a lovely spell of weather for his western trip. He is now doing Chicago.

The latest returns from the election in Tennessee indicate an anti-prohibition majority of about 25,000.

Gov. Buckner is criticized by the Louisville papers for pardoning Jim Gorie, an ex-policeman of that city, who was convicted for maliciously shooting one or more men.

An editor named Jno. M. Reynolds, of Gov. Martin, of Kansas, and drew a pistol on him at Atchison the other day. A policeman seized him before he could shoot.

More trouble is feared at Morehead. A rumor has been received that the surviving Tollivers are coming with a force from Elliott county to burn the town and a force has been assembled to resist them.

The next Legislature will doubtless pass a High Liquor License Bill next winter. With prohibition in all counties and high license in the other 57, Kentucky would be tolerably dry if the laws were enforced.

Capt. Sam. E. Hill has assumed the duties of Adjutant General with out resigning his office of State Senator. All of the other officers appointed by Gov. Buckner have also retired upon the discharge of their duties.

At Brownstown, Ark., Ena Jones, a white girl, eloped with a negro school teacher named Jeffries. Her father followed them and, finding them married when he overtook them, shot Jeffries dead with thirty bullets.

Hon. W. P. Taulbee, of the Tenth Kentucky District, has bought property in Washington and will locate there permanently for the practice of law after his present term in Congress expires. It is doubtful if there is another Democrat in his district who can be elected to Congress.

The Henderson Gleaner has come out as a daily, and the publishers express no misgivings as to the success of their undertaking. The Gleaner starts out with a liberal advertising patronage. It is neat and new enough to deserve a generous patronage from the Henderson people.

The three days' stay of the Presidential party in St. Louis was one prolonged ovation. The welcome extended by the city was non-partisan and no attempt was made to make party capital out of it. No president has ever been more enthusiastically received by any city on the continent.

The Democrats of Louisville have decided not to make a nomination for Mayor. The Republicans have nominated S. L. Avery and there are two other candidates—C. D. Jacob and W. B. Hoke—both Democrats, in the field. Notwithstanding this state of affairs the Commercial says Jacob will be a sure winner.

An expert accountant has figured out that ex-Sheriff Warden and Handy one Logan county \$20,000 and \$17,000 respectively. Mr. Warden says if there is any shortage in his settlement it is due to mistakes which he is ready to correct. It is probable that these amounts include the delinquent tax lists and that much ado is being made over nothing.

The first issue of the Evening Inquirer, Owenboro's new daily, appeared on the 1st inst., and the new candidate for public favor presents a very healthful appearance. The paper is published by Messrs. A. Y. Ford and Morton Watkins, who have lessened the outfit of the Inquirer. The former gentleman was editor of the paper under its former management and the new departure will involve no change from the policy of the late Tri-Weekly Inquirer.

The St. Louis Republican devoted a page to the description of the Velled Prophet's ball given Tuesday night. Fifteen columns contained the names of the ladies invited, about 60 to the column, arranged in alphabetical order. Sixteen columns were taken up with descriptions of the costumes of the ladies and there were half a dozen engravings, including a double column picture of the President and Mrs. Cleveland as they appeared in the ball room. For the information of the ladies who reproduce the description of Mrs. Cleveland's costume:

"Mrs. Cleveland was gorgeously attired in a gown of bright ruby plush, made with a simplicity as to outlines that well set off the contour of her fine figure. The train fell in long rich folds, and the skirt in the clinging manner natural to plush. The pointed bodice was cut away in a square in the front of the corsega and in a small V at the back, duchess lace following its outline and resting against the white neck. A narrow fall of the lace also shaded the other-wise sleeveless arms, which were covered to a point above the elbows with light tan gloves. A riviére of diamonds encircled her throat, and solitaires sparkled at her ears, and a diamond star and crescent of the purest cut sparkled against the close crested collar in which her dark hair was arranged, and in the loose waves of her languid bang."

INDUSTRIAL CONVENTION AT LOUISVILLE.

The Assembly Called to Order By Ex-Gov. Knott.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 4.—The hotel lobbies of the city were crowded last night, and are lively this morning with delegates to the Kentucky Commercial and Industrial Convention, which will be in session to-day, Oct. 5 and 6. The conference is in recognition of the new activity which is exhibiting itself in Kentucky and has in view the organization of the public spirit of the State into a strong representative showing of its resources, such as will be of benefit in attracting capital hither, and directing its profitable investment.

When Ex-Gov. Knott called the convention to order delegates were present from nearly every one of the 118 counties of the State, and all of the important industries of the State were represented. In his speech opening the conference, Gov. Knott extolled Kentucky, calling attention to the fact that in many of the natural elements

OF MATERIAL PROSPERITY, Kentucky embraced by far the most richly endowed portions of our continent.

Gov. Buckner took the chair temporarily, after a short address, being followed by Mr. Henry Watterson in his address of welcome.

At the close of Mr. Watterson's speech the permanent organization was effected. Ex-Secretary of State James A. Mackenzie, being chosen chairman.

Hon. William D. Kelly, of Pennsylvania, arrived at noon from Cincinnati over the Short Line Railroad. He was accompanied by his wife, and was met at the depot by a committee. In the afternoon he was driven over the city, and to-night will attend their conference.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 5.—The second day's session of the Kentucky Commercial and Industrial Convention was consumed in reading and discussion of reports and papers from different counties and the following addresses: "The Geological Survey of Kentucky," by State Geologist Proctor; "Coal Mining in Kentucky," by C. J. Norwood; "Some Notes on the Coking Coals of Kentucky," by J. N. Allen.

In the evening the Hon. Wm. D. Kelly, of Pennsylvania, addressed the conference, after having been banqueted at the Peudemnia Club. He was introduced by the Hon. Henry Watterson, who stated that he had been asked to do so only a few moments before, but that he rejoiced to welcome as fearless, honest and able a man as the noted Pennsylvanian. Whatever the position he occupied, no man could say that he (Watterson) had not always been in favor of a full and free discussion of the tariff. He had served on the Ways and Means Committee in Congress with Mr. Kelly, and had never known him to be otherwise than honest, fair and considerate. He was glad he was in Louisville, because he was indebted to him for hospitality which had been extended by Mr. Kelly to him, and could avail himself of the opportunity to reciprocate. Mr. Kelly was greeted with hearty applause from a well filled house, and was listened to with deep interest through a speech of over an hour.

KENTUCKY KNOWLEDGE.

Incendiarism burned a school house in Bath county.

The Henderson Journal is issuing a daily during the fair this week.

Maj. W. G. Rogers, of Shelby county, dropped dead on the street in Louisville.

The tobacco barn of Jno. H. Edington, near Shelbyville, was burned. Loss \$4,000, insurance \$1,100.

Grey Woodson and W. N. Sweeney were fined \$10 each for breach of the peace and Mr. Woodson and Will Sweeney were each fined \$25 for a later exhibition of concealed weapons.

This is the sequel to the assault upon Mr. Woodson by Col. Sweeney a few days before.

Clem Hawlings and Ed. Heard got into a shooting affray in a hotel at Lebanon Monday and as they ran out of the office exchanging shots at each other, Frank Beard, a brother of Ed., who was eating his dinner in the dining-room, ran out and killed Hawlings with a shot from behind, and then returning to the hotel quietly finished his meal, at the conclusion of which he was arrested. All of the parties were prominent young farmers of Marion county.

The Louisville M. E. Conference held its annual session at Hartford this week. The following is a list of assignments for this, the Louisville district:

Presiding Elder, G. H. Hayes. Russellville, J. D. Sigler. Adairville, H. F. Orr. Fairview, J. W. Bigham. Hopkinsville, J. W. Lewis. Allensville, P. T. Harrison. Auburn, J. W. Love. Lewisburg, T. C. Froge. Trenton, D. S. Bowles. Sharon Grove, W. F. Cashman. Nortonville, W. A. McCown.

Devices of Advertisers.

Meat From a 1,300 lbs. Steer.

[Prairie Farmer.]

The following will partly answer several inquiries as to what is done with beef cattle after they reach Chicago markets, how sold, etc. The cost of sending cattle varies with the locality and distance, and each reader can learn that at his own shipping point. His net receipts will be what is left after paying freight, yardage and commission. The price varies greatly with the quality. We propose to take a 1,300 lb. steer as an example, for which the buyer pays 4 cents per pound, or \$52. A fairly fat dressed animal of this grade will yield about 4 per cent of tallow (32 lbs.) and 5 per cent of hide (65 lbs.). The dressed carcass ranges from 35 to 59 per cent, according to the condition, say an average of 57 per cent, or 75 lbs. of dressed carcass to each 100 lbs. of live weight. This gives a dressed carcass weighing 741 lbs. from the live weight of 1,300 lbs. The 52 lbs. of rough tallow at 5 cents, equals \$2.60. The 65 lbs. of hide at 8 cents, equals \$5.20. The head, tongue and feet will bring 60 to 90 cents, say 75 cents; or for hide, tallow, etc., \$9.00. Suppose the butcher takes this amount for killing, dressing, taking care of and selling the carcass, and the profits. The carcass would cost the retailing butcher \$41, or 3 1/2 cents per lb.

*KINDS AND AMOUNTS OF MEATS.—Hardly two butchers would cut up a carcass in exactly the same way, but an average from several Chicago butchers gives about the following percentages for the divisions of the carcass: Porter House steak, 4 1/2 per cent; Sirloin steak, 15 per cent; Round steak, 23 per cent; Chuck steak, 18 per cent; Rib roast, 10 1/2 per cent; coarse meat, various, 29 per cent. Apply these figures to the 741 lbs. of dressed carcass from the 1,300 lbs. steer, and taking present average charges of retail butchers, we have, omitting fractions:

1 lb. Porter House Steak, (4 1/2 per cent) \$3.43 1/2
1 lb. Sirloin Steak (15 per cent) 6.31 1/2
1 lb. Round Steak (23 per cent) 10.24 1/2
1 lb. Chuck Steak (18 per cent) 7.94 1/2
1 lb. Rib Roast (10 1/2 per cent) 4.17 1/2
1 lb. Coarse Meat (29 per cent) 11.89 1/2
Total \$33.96 1/2
Cost of carcass as above 41.00
Butcher's remuneration and profit, 87 1/2 cts.
If the retail butcher does his own killing, he receives whatever additional profit there is in the \$41 allowed for this work. The prices of meat are those paid by the average consumers in Chicago. In Suburban towns, where there is much competition, the porter house steak is sold the same as the sirloin, at 16 cents. Meat is sold too high to the consumer, who now pays almost as much as when the producer was getting \$5 to \$15 per head more than now for his cattle. The retail butchers have a very dim vision when the papers report a decline in cattle markets; but it is a rule that does not work both ways.

In response to our protest against the high rates, some butchers claim that their rent, ice, delivery wagons and men, loss in trimming, in meat spoiled on their hands, in bad accounts, etc., leave them a very small margin. How then did they live when paying \$5 to \$15 more per carcass? Those losses are but trifling. Most of them weigh the steaks before trimming off corners, extra tallow and bone, and even utilize some of this waste. Meat to danger of spoiling goes into the "corner" tub.—Readers who depend upon the butcher, can with the above figures as a general guide, demand a fair rate on what they purchase.—Farmers can learn from them the advantage of doing their own killing. A few neighbors nothing in taking a carcass killed in turn by one of their own number, can effect a material saving.

Deafness Can't be Cured

by local applications, as they can reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflammation of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out of this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; unless cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that we can not cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular free.

Sold by C. C. CUNY & Co., Toledo, O. Followed by Druggists, 75 cents.

A Petersburg, Va., Merchant.

Mr. H. F. Hobbs is one of the successful merchants of Petersburg, Va. He is generally known in Southeastern Virginia. He has been a long sufferer from rheumatism. His way of curing himself may benefit hundreds of his fellow sufferers, and therefore Mr. Hobbs' own account of his cure is given:

Petersburg, Va., April 16, '87.

Gentlemen—I had been afflicted for a year, when recently I took several bottles of S. S. S. Your medicine gave me greater relief and did me more good than anything I ever took. I shall take a few more bottles this spring.

Yours truly,
H. F. Hobbs.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. The Swift Scrub Co., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

The Fuller Robbery.

It will be remembered that some time last year a mulatto named John Boyd came to this city with a pocket full of money and cut quite a swell for a while. He deposited \$1,000 in the Planters' Bank and bought a house and lot from Esq. H. L. Holt, for which he paid \$500.00 in cash. Suddenly an old gentleman from Tennessee named T. J. Fuller appeared on the scene and charged Boyd with having robbed him of the money some time before. Boyd was arrested and taken to Jackson and \$1,300 still in bank and the house here were promptly attached and secured by Fuller. The house and lot were sold not long ago and the sale confirmed by the Circuit Court. Boyd has been in jail at Jackson ever since until he was recently released, a compromise having been effected with Mr. Vincent, administrator of Fuller, who had died in the mean-while. Boyd says he received \$6,500 as his share of about \$65,000 dug up from where it was buried. The man who hired him to help rob Fuller was the old man's own nephew, who had helped to bury the money. There were other parties concerned in it, but under the terms of the compromise all hands were turned loose. Boyd had \$1,000 of his share recovered, but he declined to tell what became of the other \$4,500. He is now in the city and from him the above facts were learned by a KENTUCKIAN representative. He says he intends to make this his home in the future. He was in the bank yesterday inquiring about the disposition that had been made of the money and when he learned that it had been paid to Fuller's lawyers by order of the court he appeared satisfied. Boyd did not know how much money was paid back under the terms of the compromise.

SEPTEMBER WEDDINGS.

Galling Dowling to Mattie Trotter.
Gillian Williams to Mary A. Powell.
E. F. Corcoran to Mattie E. Wade.
C. E. S. White to Ella Hancock.
Henry W. Robinson to Sue Rogers.
H. L. Green to Mary E. Cook.
Jno. W. Jenkins to Maggie Lee Hall.
H. D. Wallace to Mary A. Campbell.
W. W. Fugate to Mattie White.

COLORADO.
Jarvis Corney to Mattie Summers.
Edward Bell to Alice Ceyce.
Joe. Ewell to Ann Tuck.
Marshall Campbell to Alice Boyd.
Geo. Killebrew to Lucie Wilson.
Ship McFarland to Lila Meriwether.
John Hinchman to Nancy Corlies.
W. H. Smith to Addie McFarland.
Thos. Egan to Nellie Smith.
Geo. Brennan to Carrie Jackson.
Jim Oberman to Viola Kendrick.
Jas. Alexander to Clara Tyler.

Combined total \$11.00
Licenses have been issued to the following couples this month:
A. E. Pyle to Laura White.
H. H. Frost to Jessie A. Barker.
Thos. C. Hogan and Mattie A. Crick.
Chas. A. Wicks and Emma Wilson.

COLORADO.
Chas. Campbell and Ophelia Woodbridge.
W. N. Low and Mattie Watkins.

Missionary Meetings.

The next meeting of the 6th "Circle" will be held at South Union Oct. 29 and 30, 1887, beginning at 10 o'clock A. M. The following subjects will be discussed:
1. Benefits and best method of Bible study.—J. T. Barrow.
2. Missionary plans of the Southern Baptist Convention. Can they be simplified and cheapened?—S. P. Forgy.
3. Cuban Missions, history and prospects.—J. F. Garnett.
4. Does joining a Baptist church carry with it an obligation to support missions?—J. G. Kendall.
5. Itacous why missions should be pressed in the West.—Lyman McComb.
6. W. B. Walker, subject to be selected by himself.

J. D. CLARKE, V. P.
Newstead, Ky., Oct. 1, 1887.

What is Life's Greatest Boon?

Ask any one the above question, and the answer will be made instantly. The greatest boon is the enjoyment of good health. No one feels more keenly the absence of this heavenly boon than the weak and delicate woman, and no one more likely than she will appreciate the blessings of good health, or more eagerly seek for the remedies which will restore her wasted strength to the full perfection which health alone can give. To all such we earnestly appeal to read the following testimony of a well-known lady resident in Hopkinsville, Ky.:

Hopkinsville, Ky., Feb. 24, '87.

Gentlemen.—Seven years ago a sore developed on my nose from a finger nail scratch. To all such we earnestly appeal to read the following testimony of a well-known lady resident in Hopkinsville, Ky.:

When I began with Swift's Specific I was in very poor health, and could hardly drag about. After I had finished the course of S. S. S. I was strong and buoyant, and had a good appetite. I regard it as a most valuable medicine for ladies in weak, delicate health. It is a household medicine with me.

Yours respectfully,
Mrs. R. H. WILSON.

A Petersburg, Va., Merchant.

Mr. H. F. Hobbs is one of the successful merchants of Petersburg, Va. He is generally known in Southeastern Virginia. He has been a long sufferer from rheumatism. His way of curing himself may benefit hundreds of his fellow sufferers, and therefore Mr. Hobbs' own account of his cure is given:

Ho! For The Races!

—THE BIGGEST RACE OF THE SEASON IS THE RACE FOR—
BARGAINS AND NEW AND ELEGANT GOODS,

Which we have received and which are arriving daily. We are showing in our
IMMENSE DOUBLE STORE ROOMS.

—THE MOST ELEGANT AND ELABORATE AND THE LARGEST STOCK OF—

Clothing, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps,

Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings, Trunks and Notions.

—THE FINEST AND LARGEST STOCK OF—

CLOAKS, JACKETS AND SHORT WRAPS

In Seal Plush, Silk Worsteds and Cashmeres, Misses' and Children's Cloaks, Etc., ever shown in Hopkinsville before. We have an Elegant Seal Plush Short Wrap worth \$18.50 which we are selling at \$12.50 and others in same proportion. Before you buy your Cloaks give us a call and we will save money for you.

REMEMBER THE "OLD RELIABLE,"

Mammoth Double Stores No. 13 and 15, Cor. 8th and Main Sts.,

M. FRANKEL & SONS,

PROPRIETORS.

DO YOU WANT THE EARTH?

—We can't give you that, but this week we will give you the best Bargains on earth in—

MEN'S AND BOYS' TAILOR FITTING CLOTHING

And with a Line of Bargains extending from the front to the rear door. Honest Quality and Lowest Prices in the forces which give life and motion to our fresh ever changing stock of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

"With like success we try again
The truth is not disguised,
The men hear of our Bargains
And are very much Surprised."

Call in and See Us, 2 Doors From Bank of Hopkinsville.

THE ONE PRICE CASH STORE.

PYE & WALTON,

HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Harvest Excursion.

On October 14th, tickets will be on sale at all points in Kansas and Nebraska, via the Wabash Western Railroad. One fare for the round trip. This is positively the last opportunity to visit Kansas or Nebraska at reduced rates this season.

The Wabash Western Railroad is the shortest and quickest route between St. Louis and Kansas City, St. Joseph and Omaha.

Reclining chair cars (seats free) in all trains via this popular line. Tickets may be procured at any coupon ticket office.

Write to R. H. Fowler, Traveling Passenger Agent Wabash Western Railroad 224 Fourth Ave., Louisville Ky., for an elegant county map of Kansas and Nebraska.

FOR RED-NOSED WOMEN.

The Latest Novelty Affected by Ladies with Shiny, Perspiring Faces.

The latest novelty in silver is a tiny powder box of repousse work, lined with gold and destined to be carried in the pocket during the warm summer months by the women whose noses are apt to become shiny or whose chins assume a rosy hue that increases in depth in proportion to the gradual rise of the mercury. The box, of course, contains a miniature powder puff of the kind that one sees in a French doll's outfit, and the slightest mirror is inserted in the lid so that the lady may see her features as she applies her chalk or blush, and know just how much to put on and how much to take off. There are some conservative women—who consider the use of face powder highly objectionable. But, on the other hand, there is no doubt that this adjunct to the toilet is a luxury, so far as numbers of fashionable dames are concerned, especially after the hot weather sets in. Nothing, or few things are uglier to look upon than a shiny, red, perspiring face, particularly when that face belongs to a pretty woman. Therefore the pocket powder boxes ought to prove very welcome. The price is somewhat exorbitant, it is true—fifteen dollars for the plainest pattern. But they are also manufactured in ivory at the trifling cost of a dollar or so. The writer happened to be riding down town the other day in the Sixth avenue elevated train. Opposite sat a young woman, and directly facing her was one of the long, narrow looking glasses that adorn the cars. It was observed as she glanced toward this mirror—which she did at every turn of her head—an expression of annoyance crossed her countenance. Finally she thrust her hand into her pocket and pulled out one of the little powder boxes just mentioned. Then, without the least trace of embarrassment, she proceeded deftly to powder her nose. A good many of the passengers stared and smiled. But on the Continent of Europe no self-respecting woman ever goes out with- out her powder box, and soon, perhaps, the custom will become general here as well.—N. Y. Mail and Express.

FARM AND FIRESIDE.

—Many a child has been carried away suddenly by convulsions caused by eating adulterated candy.—Northwestern Christian Advocate.

—Sheep and chickens both do better when allowed access to a plentiful supply of fresh water. It is an odd and absurd notion that they do not need much water.

—Blackberry Pudding: A pint of flour, a pint of warm water, a pinch of salt and a quart of blackberries; flour your pudding well and boil for one hour.—The Farmer and Manufacturer.

—Cheese Omelet: Beat up with the eggs a tablespoonful of grated cheese; add a little more cheese just before folding it, and sprinkle with it just before serving.—Chicago Herald.

—Lemon Cake (to be eaten hot): One cup sugar, butter the size of an egg, three cups of flour, one egg, one teaspoon yeast powder, one cup of milk, spice and salt.—Good Cheer.

—Rice Cake: One teacupful of rice flour, two cakes of yeast, four eggs, two eggs, and a cup of sweet milk, one teacupful of baking powder and a little salt. Bake in a round tin dish in a quick oven.—Exchange.

—To keep insects out of bird cages, tie up a little sulphur in a bag and suspend it in the cage. Red ants will never be found in cages or drawers if a small bag of sulphur be kept constantly in these places.—Mother's Magazine.

—Stagnant water is detrimental to all kinds of crops, and for that reason all fields should be tiled or underdrained in some manner. Underdrainage carries off the surplus water and allows more air and heat to enter the earth.

—To Pluck Poultry: Eight pounds plums, four pounds sugar, one pint vinegar, and spice to taste. Boil all together until the plums are tender; take out the plums into your jar; boil the syrup until thick; pour over the plums and set away. Cherries pickled the same.—Tribune Blade.

—Put pure olive oil into a clear glass bottle, with strips of sheet lead, and expose it to the sun for two or three weeks, then pour off the clear oil, and the result is a lubricant which will neither gum nor corrode. It is used for watches and the machinery of all kinds.—Farm, Field and Stockman.

MDE. E. DOUGHERTY,

Fashionable

DRESS and CLOAK-MAKER,

(NO. 342 FOURTH AVENUE—

LOUISVILLE, - KENTUCKY.

SAMPLES OF DRESS GOODS SENT AND DRESSES

MADE TO ORDER.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

W. F. Young

W. F. Young

W. F. Young

W. F. Young

W. F. Young

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